| BAGARIA BAL VIDYA NIKETAN |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| LACHHMANGARH-SIKAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SYLLABUS \& LESSON PLANNER 2023-24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CLASS | XI |  |  |  |  |  |
| SUBJECT | Mathematics |  |  |  |  |  |
| TEACHER'S NAME | Praveen Saini |  |  |  |  |  |
| SYLLABUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CH. NO. | NAME OF CHAPTER | WORKI NG DAY | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PERIO } \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | TOPIC | MONTH | WEEK |
| Unit: II | Algebra: Complex <br> Numbers <br> Linear Inequalities <br> Permutations and combinations | 25 | 16 | Need for complex numbers, especially $\sqrt{ }-1$, to be motivated by inability to solve some of the quadratic equations. Algebraic properties of complex numbers. Argand plane <br> Linear inequalities. Algebraic solutions of linear inequalities in one variable and their representation <br> on the number line <br> Fundamental principle of counting. Factorial n. (n!) Permutations and combinations, derivation of <br> Formulae for nPr and nCr and their connections, simple applications | July | 2 |
| Unit: II \& I | Algebra: Binomial <br> Theorem <br> Sequence and Series <br> Trigonometric Functions | 26 | 32 | Historical perspective, statement and proof of the binomial theorem for positive integral indices. Pascal's triangle, simple applications. | August | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | Sequence and Series. Arithmetic Mean (A.M.) Geometric Progression (G.P.), general term of a G.P., sum of $n$ terms of a G.P., infinite G.P. and its sum, geometric mean (G.M.), relation between A.M. and G.M. |  | 2 |
|  |  |  |  | Positive and negative angles. Measuring angles in radians and in degrees and conversion from one measure to another. Definition of trigonometric functions with the help of unit circle |  | $3 \& 4$ |
|  |  |  |  | Sets and their representations, Empty set, Finite and Infinite sets, Equal sets, Subsets, Subsets of a set of real numbers especially intervals (with notations) |  | 1 |


| Unit: I | Sets relations and Functions | 24 | 32 | Universal set. Venn diagrams. Union and Intersection of sets. Difference of sets. Complement of a set. Properties of Complement. <br> Ordered pairs. Cartesian product of sets. Number of elements in the Cartesian product of two finite sets. <br> Real valued functions, domain and range of these functions, constant, identity, polynomial, rational, modulus, signum, exponential, logarithmic and greatest integer functions, with their graphs. Sum, difference, product and quotients of functions | September | 4 |
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| Syllabus break due to holidays and exam period in the month of October. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unit: V | Statistics and Probability | 22 | 32 | Measures of Dispersion: Range, Mean deviation. <br> variance and standard deviation of ungrouped/grouped data. <br> Events; occurrence of events, 'not', 'and' and 'or' events, exhaustive <br> events. <br> mutually exclusive events, Axiomatic (set theoretic) probability, <br> connections with other theories of earlier classes. Probability of an event, <br> probability of 'not', 'and' and 'or' events. | November | 4 |
|  |  |  |  | Derivative introduced as rate of change both as that of distance function and geometrically. Intuitive idea of limit | December | 1 |
| Unit: IV | Calculus: Limits and Derivatives | 24 | 24 | Limits of polynomials and rational functions trigonometric, exponential and logarithmic functions. Definition of derivative relate it to scope of tangent of the curve, derivative of sum, difference, product and quotient of functions |  | 2 |
|  |  |  |  | Derivatives of polynomial and trigonometric functions |  | 3 |
| Unit: III | Coordination Geometry: Straight Lines | 24 | 16 | Brief recall of two dimensional geometry from earlier classes. Slope of a line and angle between two lines. <br> Various forms of equations of a line: parallel to axis, point -slope form, slope-intercept form, two-point form, intercept form, Distance of a point from a line. | January | 1 2 |
| Unit: III | Coordination Geometry: Conic Sections and 3-D | 25 | 32 | Sections of a cone: circles, ellipse, parabola, hyperbola, a point, a straight line and a pair of intersecting lines as a degenerated case of a conic section <br> Standard equations and simple properties of parabola, ellipse and hyperbola. Standard equation of a circle. | February | 2 |



